

MIRA BHAYANDAR MUNICIPAL CORPORATION

Pharmacy Management System Module

Web Application

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## Document Control

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# 1. Introduction

A3S Tech & Co. (A3S) was engaged by Mira Bhayandar Municipal Corporation to perform VAPT, for Pharmacy Management System Module Web Application. The report highlights gaps identified during the review and recommendations to remediate the gaps.

The objective of Web Application VAPT was to provide independent evaluation of the vulnerabilities in scope to fulfil the objectives of confidentiality, integrity, and availability and to perform controlled attack to assess the immunity level, to assess the overall level of security, discover weak links and provide recommendations and compliance status to vulnerable entities discovered. The report highlights gaps identified during the VAPT review, recommendations, risk ratings and impact of the vulnerabilities.

## 2. Engagement Scope

Below are the details of assets covered in the scope:

S. No.	Asset Description	Criticality of Asset	Internal IP Address	URL	Public IP Address	Location	Hash Value (in case of applications)	Version (in case of applications)	Other details such as make and model in case of network devices or security devices.
1.	Web Application – Pharmacy Management System Module	Not available	Not Available	<a href="http://Hmsdev.mbconline.in">Hmsdev.mbconline.in</a>	Not Available	MUMBAI	Not available	Not available	Not Applicable

## 3. Details of the Auditing team

S. no.	Name	Designation	Email Id	Professional Qualifications/ Certifications	Whether the resource has been listed in the Snapshot information published on CERT-In's website (Yes/No)
1.	Jasmeet Singh	Senior IS Consultant	<a href="mailto:jasmeet@a3stech.co.in">jasmeet@a3stech.co.in</a>	CEH	Yes

## 4. Audit Activities and Timelines

The audit was conducted in the following phases:

S. no.	Audit Activity	Timeline
1.	Information Gathering	February 17, 2026
2.	Scanning	February 18, 2026
3.	Information Analysis	February 18, 2026
4.	Vulnerability Assessment	February 18, 2026
5.	Penetration Testing	February 18, 2026
6.	Revalidation Testing	NA

## 5. Audit Methodology and Criteria / Standard referred for audit

The Audit Approach and Methodology was a Risk based Audit Approach. In a risk-based audit approach, IS auditors are not just relying on risk; they also are also relying on internal and operational controls as well as knowledge of the organization and its business. The audit was conducted based on combination of tools and manual testing. The audit methodology and approach are based on global best practice framework such as OWASP Top 10 Vulnerabilities, OSSTMM, SANS 25, CIS benchmarks. These are globally accepted standard and a benchmark for IT security across a large number of organizations.

List of OWASP vulnerabilities (Web Application) is:

S. no	Attack Type	Description
1.	A1- Broken Access Control	Improperly configured or missing restrictions on authenticated users allow them to access unauthorized functionality or data, such as accessing other users' accounts, viewing sensitive documents, and modifying data and access rights
2.	A2- Cryptographic Failures	Applications and APIs that don't properly protect sensitive data such as financial data, usernames and passwords, or health information, could enable attackers to access such information to commit fraud or steal identities.
3.	A3- Injection	Injection flaws, such as SQL, OS, and LDAP injection, occur when untrusted data is sent to an interpreter as part of a command or query. The attacker's hostile data can trick the interpreter into executing unintended commands or accessing unauthorized data
4.	A4- Insecure Design	Insecure design is a broad category representing different weaknesses, expressed as "missing or

S. no	Attack Type	Description
		ineffective control design". An insecure design cannot be fixed by a perfect implementation as by definition, needed security controls were never created to defend against specific attacks. One of the factors that contribute to insecure design is the lack of business risk profiling inherent in the software or system being developed, and thus the failure to determine what level of security design is required.
5.	A5- Security Misconfiguration	Good security requires having a secure configuration defined and deployed for the application, frameworks, application server, web server, database server, and platform. All these settings should be defined, implemented, and maintained as many are not shipped with secure defaults. This includes keeping all software up to date, including all code libraries used by the application
6.	A6- Vulnerable and Outdated Components	Developers frequently don't know which open source and third-party components are in their applications, making it difficult to update components when new vulnerabilities are discovered. Attackers can exploit an insecure component to take over the server or steal sensitive data.
7.	A7- Identification and Authentication Failures	Application functions related to authentication and session management are often not implemented correctly, allowing attackers to compromise passwords, keys, session tokens, or exploit other implementation flaws to assume other users' identities
8.	A8- Software and Data	Software and data integrity failures relate to code and infrastructure that does not protect against integrity violations. An insecure CI/CD pipeline can introduce the potential for unauthorized access, malicious code,

S. no	Attack Type	Description
	Integrity Failures	or system compromise. Lastly, many applications now include auto-update functionality, where updates are downloaded without sufficient integrity verification and applied to the previously trusted application. Attackers could potentially upload their own updates to be distributed and run on all installations
9.	A9- Security Logging and Monitoring Failures	The time to detect a breach is frequently measured in weeks or months. Insufficient logging and ineffective integration with security incident response systems allow attackers to pivot to other systems and maintain persistent threats
10.	A10- Server-Side Request Forgery	SSRF flaws occur whenever a web application is fetching a remote resource without validating the user-supplied URL. It allows an attacker to coerce the application to send a crafted request to an unexpected destination, even when protected by a firewall, VPN, or another type of network access control list (ACL).

This document is an exception report highlighting the vulnerabilities and their compliance status.

Our review has been based on the assumption that the information provided to us was accurate and complete, as existing at the time of review, and that all relevant information, system access for review, and supporting documents, as asked for by A3S, were shared with us for the area that was subject of the review.

## 6. Tools/ Software used

S. no.	Name of Tool/Software used	Version of the tool /Software used	Open Source/Licensed
1.	Burp Suite	2025.12.5	Licensed

## 7. Executive Summary

The details of the vulnerabilities identified during the testing as mentioned as below:

S. No.	Affected Asset i.e. IP/URL/Application etc.	Observation/Vulnerability title	CVE/CWE	Severity	Recommendation	Reference	New or Repeat observation
1	<a href="http://Hmisdev.mbmconline.in">Hmisdev.mbmconline.in</a>	Missing Security Headers	CWE-693	Medium	It is recommended to configure and enable the required HTTP security headers at the web server or application level. At a minimum, implement the following: Content-Security-Policy: default-src 'self'; X-Content-Type-Options: nosniff Strict-Transport-Security: max-age=31536000 ; includeSubDomains Referrer-Policy: no-referrer Permissions-Policy:	<a href="https://www.invicti.com/blog/web-security/missing-http-security-headers">https://www.invicti.com/blog/web-security/missing-http-security-headers</a>	New

					geolocation=(), camera=(), microphone=() X-Frame-Options: DENY		
2	<a href="http://Hmisdev.mbmconline.in">Hmisdev.mbmconline.in</a>	Out of date (ASP.NET Version)	CWE -200	<b>Medium</b>	Upgrade the application to the latest supported and fully patched version of ASP.NET / .NET Framework (4.8.1). Apply all relevant Microsoft security updates. Remove or suppress the X-AspNet-Version and X-Powered-By headers from HTTP responses to prevent version disclosure.	<a href="https://cwe.mitre.org/data/definitions/200.html">https://cwe.mitre.org/data/definitions/200.html</a>	New
3	<a href="http://Hmisdev.mbmconline.in">Hmisdev.mbmconline.in</a>	Clear Text OTP Transmission in Login Request	CWE -319	<b>Medium</b>	It is strongly recommended to: Enforce HTTPS (TLS 1.2 or higher) across the application. Avoid transmitting passwords in clear text. Implement secure encryption mechanisms for data in transit. Ensure passwords are hashed and	<a href="https://owasp.org/Top10/A02_2021-Cryptographic_Failures/">https://owasp.org/Top10/A02_2021-Cryptographic_Failures/</a>	New

					<p>salted on the server side. Disable login access over HTTP. Use secure authentication frameworks (OAuth, SSO, etc.). Implement short OTP expiration and one-time use validation.</p>		
4	<a href="https://www.hmisdev.com/mbmconline.in">Hmisdev.mbmconline.in</a>	Out of Date (Bootstrap Version)	CWE -200	<b>Medium</b>	<p>Upgrade Bootstrap to the latest stable and supported version (Bootstrap 5.3.8). Remove deprecated Bootstrap 3 components and ensure all dependent libraries are compatible with the updated version. Regularly update third-party libraries to mitigate known vulnerabilities.</p>	<a href="https://owasp.org/Top10/2021/A06_2021-Vulnerable_and_Outdated_Components/">https://owasp.org/Top10/2021/A06_2021-Vulnerable_and_Outdated_Components/</a>	New
5	<a href="https://www.hmisdev.com/mbmconline.in">Hmisdev.mbmconline.in</a>	Out of Date (jQuery Version)	CWE -200 CWE -937	<b>Medium</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Upgrade jQuery to the latest stable version (jQuery 4.0.0).</li> <li>Review application compatibility before upgrading.</li> </ul>	<a href="https://owasp.org/Top10/2021/A06_2021-Vulnerable_and_Outdated_Components/">https://owasp.org/Top10/2021/A06_2021-Vulnerable_and_Outdated_Components/</a>	

					<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Implement dependency management and regular vulnerability scanning.</li> <li>• Remove unused or legacy libraries from the application.</li> </ul>		
6	<a href="http://Hmisdev.mbmconline.in">Hmisdev.mbmconline.in</a>	Improper Input Validation	CWE -20	<b>Medium</b>	<p>Implement strict server-side input validation for all user-supplied fields by applying allow-list based validation. Encode or sanitize special characters before processing or rendering user input. Additionally, implement output encoding, centralized input validation logic, and proper exception handling to prevent script execution and error disclosure.</p>	<a href="https://cwe.mitre.org/data/definitions/20.html">https://cwe.mitre.org/data/definitions/20.html</a>	New
7	<a href="http://Hmisdev.mbmconline.in">Hmisdev.mbmconline.in</a>	Improper Input Validation (Missing Input Length)	CWE -20	<b>Medium</b>	<p>Implement strict server-side input validation for all user-supplied fields by applying</p>	<a href="https://cwe.mitre.org/data/definitions/20.html">https://cwe.mitre.org/data/definitions/20.html</a>	New

		Validation)			allow-list based validation. Encode or sanitize special characters before processing or rendering user input. Additionally, implement output encoding, centralized input validation logic, and proper exception handling to prevent script execution and error disclosure. Implement strict, server-side validation that enforces explicit minimum and maximum lengths for all inputs		
8	<a href="http://Hmisdev.mbmconline.in">Hmisdev.mbmconline.in</a>	Version Disclosure (jQuery)	CWE -200	Low	Upgrade to the latest stable jQuery version (4.0.0). Remove unused libraries. Implement dependency management and regular patching. Consider Subresource Integrity (SRI) and Content	<a href="https://owasp.org/www-community/attacks/Information_Disclosure">https://owasp.org/www-community/attacks/Information_Disclosure</a>	New

					Security Policy (CSP).		
9	<a href="https://www.hmisdev.com/mbmconline.in">Hmisdev.mbmconline.in</a>	Version Disclosure (Bootstrap)	CWE-200	Low	Remove or obfuscate version comments from client-side files where feasible. Upgrade Bootstrap to the latest supported version (v5.3.8) and ensure outdated components are removed. Regularly review and update third-party libraries to minimize information disclosure and reduce the attack surface.	<a href="https://owasp.org/www-community/attacks/InformationDisclosure">https://owasp.org/www-community/attacks/InformationDisclosure</a>	New
10	<a href="https://www.hmisdev.com/mbmconline.in">Hmisdev.mbmconline.in</a>	Version Disclosure (ASP.NET)	CWE-200	Low	Disable or suppress version disclosure headers by removing X-AspNet-Version and X-Powered-By from HTTP responses. Ensure the application runs on a fully patched and supported version of ASP.NET and regularly apply Microsoft security updates.	<a href="https://owasp.org/www-community/attacks/InformationDisclosure">https://owasp.org/www-community/attacks/InformationDisclosure</a>	New

11	<a href="http://Hmisdev.mbmconline.in">Hmisdev.mbmconline.in</a>	Server Disclosure	CWE-200	<b>Low</b>	<p>It is recommended to remove or obfuscate server identification headers by configuring the web server to suppress detailed version information. Implement secure server hardening practices, ensure unnecessary headers are disabled, and regularly review HTTP response headers to minimize information disclosure.</p>	<p><a href="https://learn.microsoft.com/en-us/archive/blogs/varunm/remove-unwanted-http-response-headers">https://learn.microsoft.com/en-us/archive/blogs/varunm/remove-unwanted-http-response-headers</a></p> <p><a href="https://www.acunetix.com/vulnerabilities/web/version-disclosure-iis/">https://www.acunetix.com/vulnerabilities/web/version-disclosure-iis/</a></p>	New
12	<a href="http://Hmisdev.mbmconline.in">Hmisdev.mbmconline.in</a>	Stack Trace Disclosure (ASP.NET)	CWE-209	<b>Low</b>	<p>Disable detailed error messages and stack trace disclosure in production by configuring customErrors in web.config. Ensure that detailed exceptions are logged internally while presenting generic error messages to users. Regularly review error-handling configurations</p>	<p><a href="https://www.acunetix.com/vulnerabilities/web/stack-trace-disclosure-asp-net/">https://www.acunetix.com/vulnerabilities/web/stack-trace-disclosure-asp-net/</a></p>	New

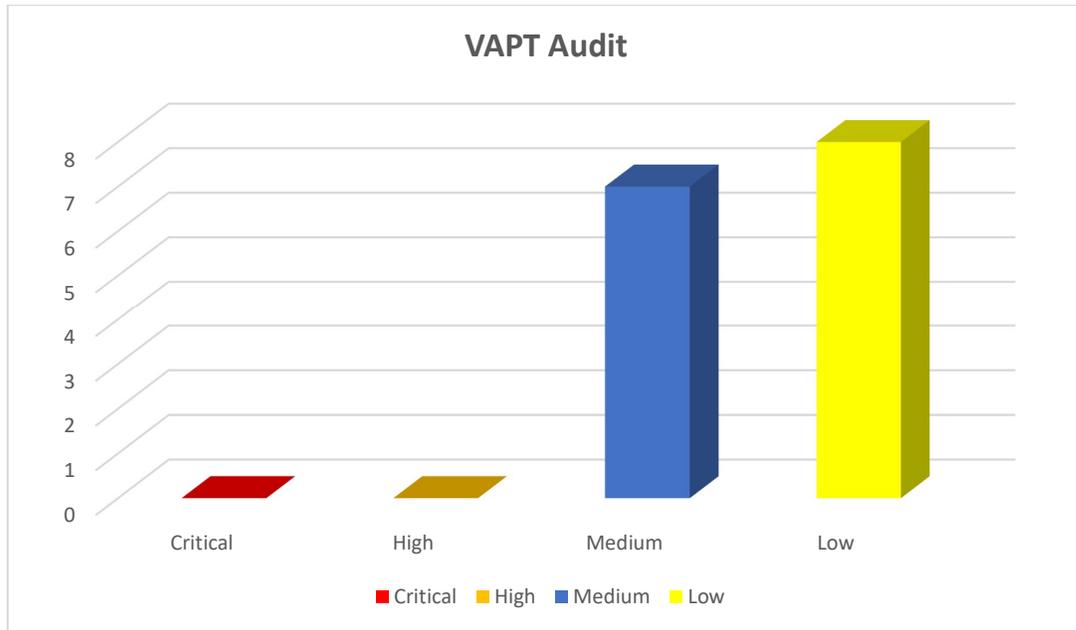
					to prevent leakage of sensitive debugging information.		
13	<a href="http://Hmisdev.mbmconline.in">Hmisdev.mbmconline.in</a>	Cookie not marked as secure site attribute	CWE -614	<b>Low</b>	Configure the application to set the Secure flag on all sensitive cookies to ensure they are transmitted only over HTTPS connections. Additionally, enforce HTTPS across the application and review cookie attributes such as HttpOnly and SameSite for improved session security.	<a href="https://cwe.mitre.org/data/definitions/614.html">https://cwe.mitre.org/data/definitions/614.html</a>	New
14	<a href="http://Hmisdev.mbmconline.in">Hmisdev.mbmconline.in</a>	Clickjacking	CWE -1021 CWE -693	<b>Low</b>	Implement the X-Frame-Options header with the value DENY or SAMEORIGIN. Additionally, configure a Content-Security-Policy with the frame-ancestors directive to explicitly restrict which domains are allowed to embed the application. These controls	<a href="https://cwe.mitre.org/data/definitions/693.html">https://cwe.mitre.org/data/definitions/693.html</a> <a href="https://cwe.mitre.org/data/definitions/1021.html">https://cwe.mitre.org/data/definitions/1021.html</a>	New

					will prevent unauthorized framing and mitigate clickjacking attacks.		
15	<a href="https://www.hmisdev.mbmconline.in">Hmisdev.mbmconline.in</a>	Concurrent Login	CWE-613	<b>Low</b>	Restrict the number of active sessions per user account. When a new login occurs, invalidate any previous active sessions. Implement session timeout and logout mechanisms. Provide users with visibility of active sessions and the ability to terminate other sessions if required.	<a href="https://owasp.org/Top10/2021/A07-2021-Identification-and-Authentication-Failures/">https://owasp.org/Top10/2021/A07-2021-Identification-and-Authentication-Failures/</a>	New

Tabular Representation of the vulnerabilities:

Risk Rating	Count of Observations
Critical	-
High	-
Medium	7
Low	8

## Graphical Representation of vulnerabilities



## 8. Detailed Observations

### 1. Missing Security Headers

<i>Vulnerability Title</i>	<i>Affected URLs/IP</i>
Missing Security Headers	<a href="https://Hmisdev.mbmconline.in">Hmisdev.mbmconline.in</a>
<i>Detailed Observation</i>	The application response does not include important HTTP security headers such as Strict-Transport-Security, Content-Security-Policy, X-Frame-Options, X-Content-Type-Options, Referrer-Policy, and Permissions-Policy. Absence of these headers may expose the application to attacks like Clickjacking, MIME-sniffing, Cross-Site Scripting (XSS), information leakage, and protocol downgrade attacks. This indicates improper security configuration at the web server or application level.
<i>Vulnerability Reference (CWE/CVE)</i>	CWE-693
<i>Severity</i>	<b>Medium</b>
<i>Recommendation</i>	It is recommended to configure and enable the required HTTP security headers at the web server or application level. At a minimum, implement the following:  Content-Security-Policy: default-src 'self';  X-Content-Type-Options: nosniff  Strict-Transport-Security: max-age=31536000; includeSubDomains  Referrer-Policy: no-referrer  Permissions-Policy: geolocation=(), camera=(), microphone=() X-Frame-Options: DENY
<i>Reference</i>	<a href="https://www.invicti.com/blog/web-security/missing-http-security-headers">https://www.invicti.com/blog/web-security/missing-http-security-headers</a>
<i>New/ Repeat Observation</i>	New Observation

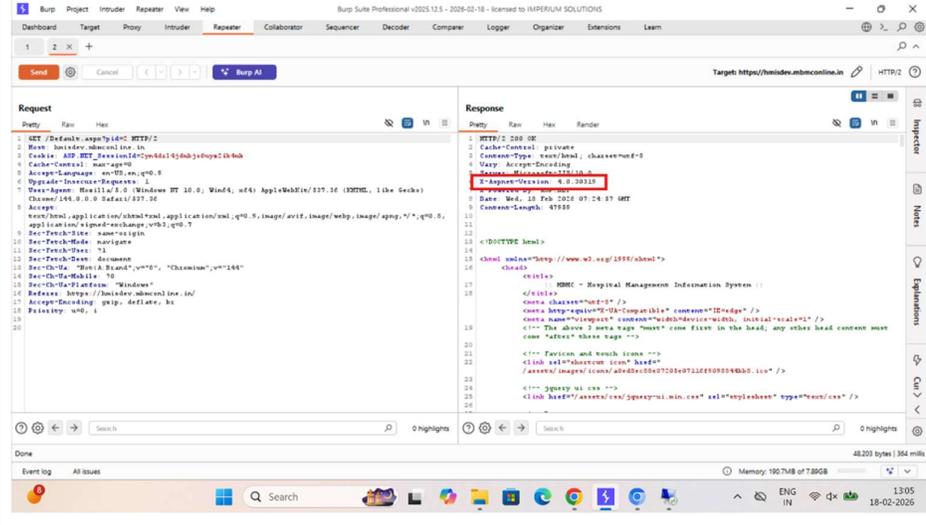
**References to evidences / Proof of Concept (POCs)**

The top screenshot shows the securityheaders.com interface. The URL being scanned is `https://hmisdev.mbmconline.in/`. The report indicates several missing headers: `Strict-Transport-Security`, `Content-Security-Policy`, `X-Frame-Options`, `X-Content-Type-Options`, `Referrer-Policy`, and `Permissions-Policy`. A red box highlights these missing headers.

The bottom screenshot shows the Burp Suite interface. The 'Response' tab is selected, and the raw HTTP response is visible. The header `X-AspNet-Version: 4.0.30319` is highlighted with a red box, indicating the ASP.NET framework version used by the target.

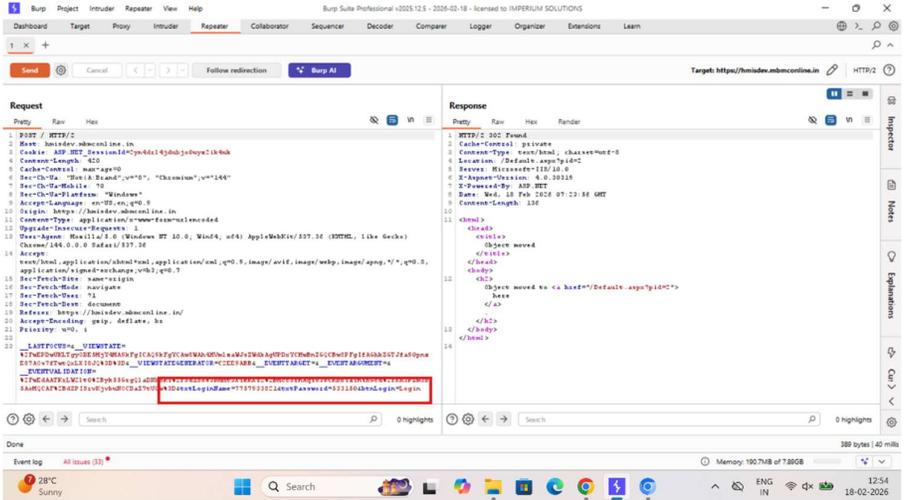
**2. Out of date (ASP.NET Version)**

<i>Vulnerability Title</i>	<i>Affected URLs/IP</i>
Out of date (ASP.NET Version)	<a href="https://hmisdev.mbmconline.in">Hmisdev.mbmconline.in</a>
<i>Detailed Observation</i>	The HTTP response header reveals the ASP.NET framework version via X-AspNet-Version: 4.0.30319. Disclosure of framework version information allows attackers to identify outdated or vulnerable ASP.NET versions and target known exploits. Exposing technology stack details increases the risk of targeted attacks and reconnaissance activities.
<i>Vulnerability Reference (CWE/CVE)</i>	CWE-200

<b>Severity</b>	<b>Medium</b>
<b>Recommendation</b>	Upgrade the application to the latest supported and fully patched version of ASP.NET / .NET Framework (4.8.1). Apply all relevant Microsoft security updates. Remove or suppress the X-AspNet-Version and X-Powered-By headers from HTTP responses to prevent version disclosure.
<b>Reference</b>	<a href="https://cwe.mitre.org/data/definitions/200.html">https://cwe.mitre.org/data/definitions/200.html</a>
<b>New/ Repeat Observation</b>	New Observation
<b>References to evidences / Proof of Concept (POCs)</b>	

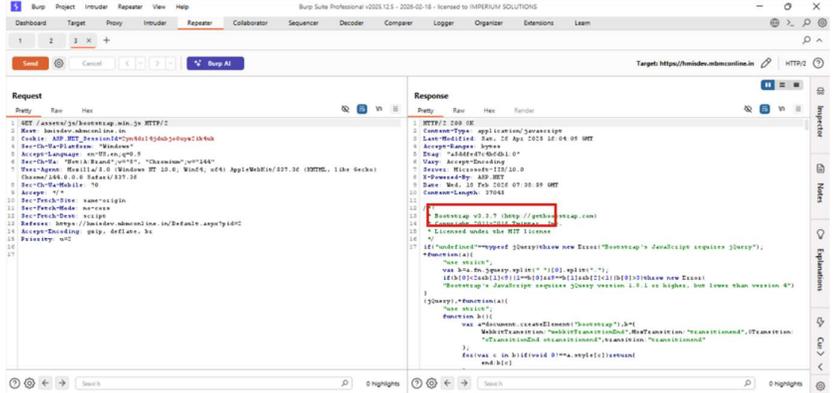
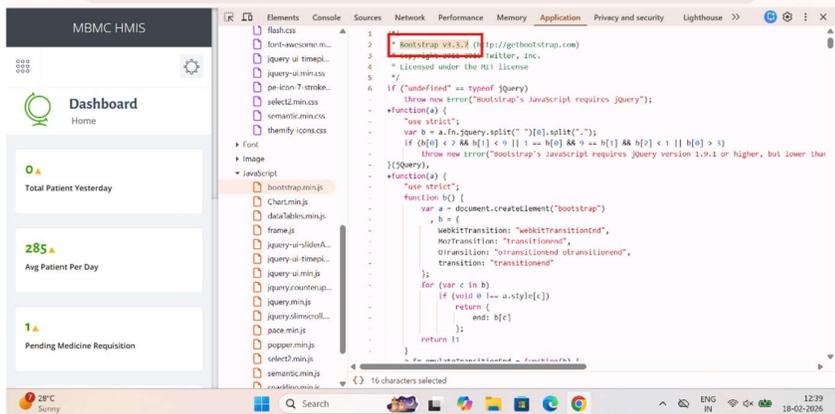
### 3. Clear Text OTP Transmission in Login Request

<b>Vulnerability Title</b>	<b>Affected URLs/IP</b>
Clear Text OTP Transmission in Login Request	<a href="https://hmisdev.mbmconline.in">Hmisdev.mbmconline.in</a>
<b>Detailed Observation</b>	The login request transmits sensitive authentication data (OTP) in clear text within the HTTP request body. If transport encryption is weak, improperly configured, or intercepted (e.g., via MITM attack, proxy logging, or network sniffing), the OTP can be captured and reused by an attacker. OTP values should never be exposed in plaintext during transmission or logging. This increases the risk of account takeover.

<b>Vulnerability Reference (CWE/CVE)</b>	CWE-319
<b>Severity</b>	<b>Medium</b>
<b>Recommendation</b>	It is strongly recommended to: Enforce HTTPS (TLS 1.2 or higher) across the application. Avoid transmitting passwords in clear text. Implement secure encryption mechanisms for data in transit. Ensure passwords are hashed and salted on the server side. Disable login access over HTTP. Use secure authentication frameworks (OAuth, SSO, etc.). Implement short OTP expiration and one-time use validation.
<b>Reference</b>	<a href="https://owasp.org/Top10/A02_2021-Cryptographic_Failures/">https://owasp.org/Top10/A02_2021-Cryptographic Failures/</a>
<b>New/ Repeat Observation</b>	New Observation
<b>References to evidences / Proof of Concept (POCs)</b>	

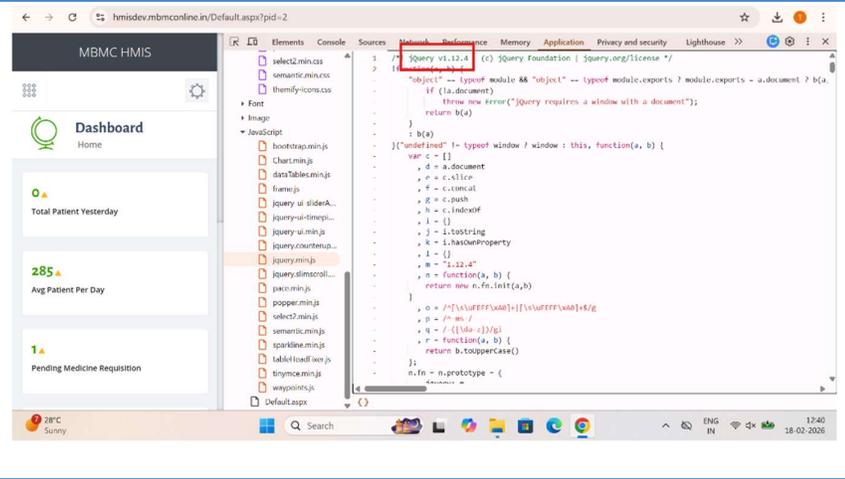
#### 4. Out of Date (Bootstrap Version)

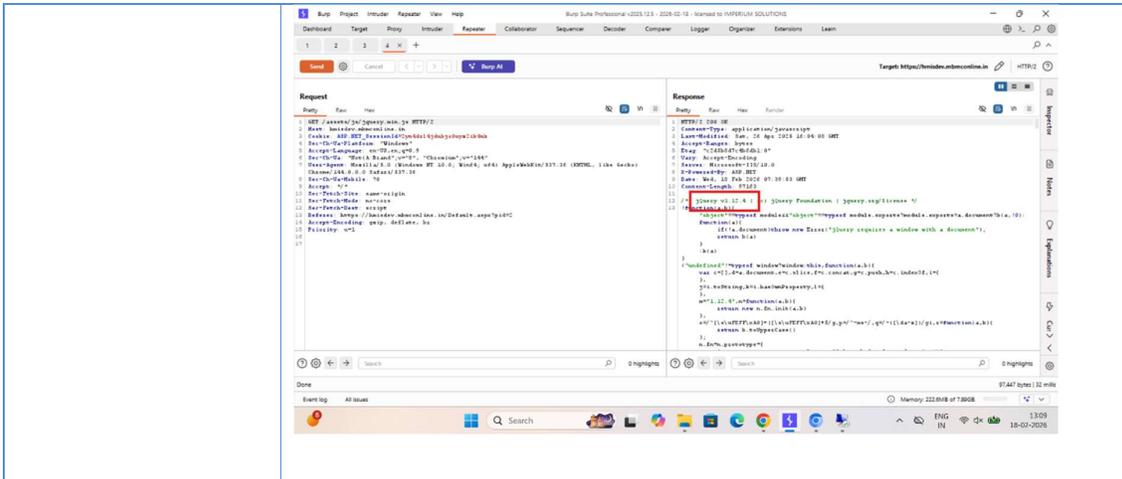
<b>Vulnerability Title</b>	<b>Affected URLs/IP</b>
Out of Date (Bootstrap Version)	<a href="https://hmisdev.mbmconline.in">Hmisdev.mbmconline.in</a>
<b>Detailed Observation</b>	The application was found to be using Bootstrap version 3.3.7. Bootstrap 3.3.7 is an outdated version and is no longer actively maintained. Older versions of Bootstrap may contain

	known security vulnerabilities and compatibility issues, increasing the risk of client-side attacks.
<b>Vulnerability Reference (CWE/CVE)</b>	CWE-200
<b>Severity</b>	<b>Medium</b>
<b>Recommendation</b>	Upgrade Bootstrap to the latest stable and supported version (Bootstrap 5.3.8). Remove deprecated Bootstrap 3 components and ensure all dependent libraries are compatible with the updated version. Regularly update third-party libraries to mitigate known vulnerabilities.
<b>Reference</b>	<a href="https://owasp.org/Top10/2021/A06_2021-Vulnerable_and_Outdated_Components/">https://owasp.org/Top10/2021/A06_2021-Vulnerable_and_Outdated_Components/</a>
<b>New/ Repeat Observation</b>	New Observation
<b>References to evidences / Proof of Concept (POCs)</b>	 

### 5. Out of Date (jQuery Version)

Vulnerability Title	Affected URLs/IP
---------------------	------------------

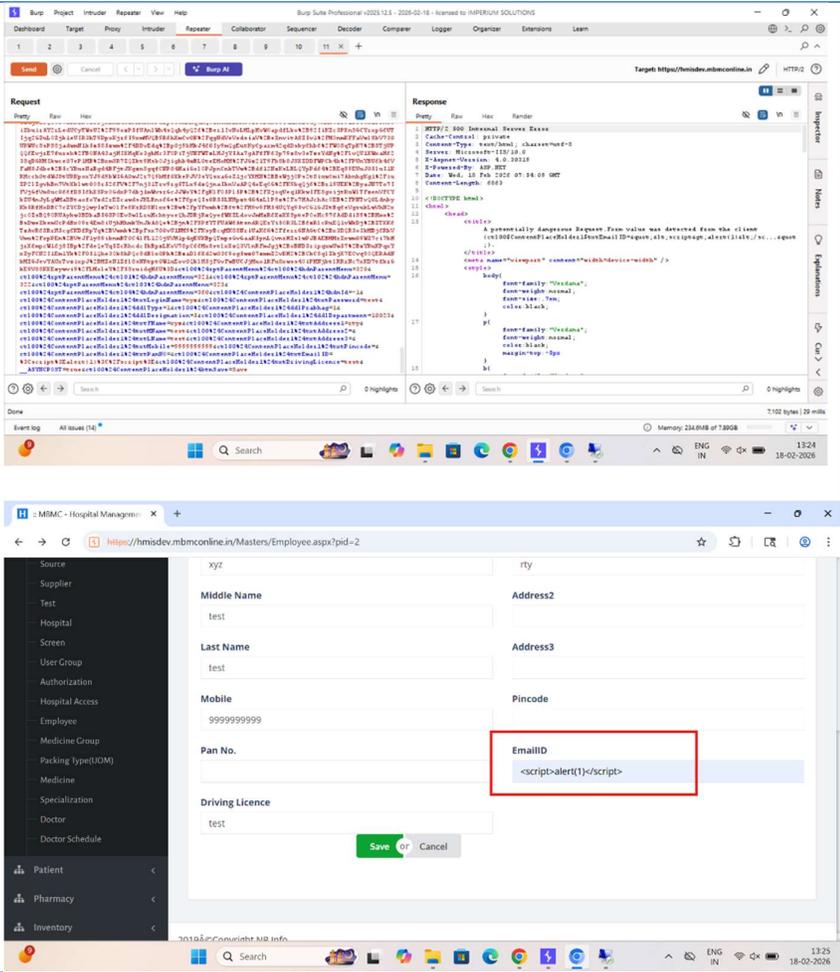
Out of Date (jQuery Version)	<a href="https://hmisdev.mbmconline.in">Hmisdev.mbmconline.in</a>
<b>Detailed Observation</b>	The application is using jQuery v1.12.4, which is an outdated and unsupported version. Older jQuery versions are affected by multiple known vulnerabilities, including Cross-Site Scripting (XSS) issues. Using outdated JavaScript libraries increases the risk of exploitation through publicly available attack techniques.
<b>Vulnerability Reference (CWE/CVE)</b>	CWE-200 CWE-937
<b>Severity</b>	<b>Medium</b>
<b>Recommendation</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Upgrade jQuery to the latest stable version (jQuery 4.0.0).</li> <li>• Review application compatibility before upgrading.</li> <li>• Implement dependency management and regular vulnerability scanning.</li> <li>• Remove unused or legacy libraries from the application.</li> </ul>
<b>Reference</b>	<a href="https://owasp.org/Top10/2021/A06_2021-Vulnerable_and_Outdated_Components/">https://owasp.org/Top10/2021/A06_2021-Vulnerable and Outdated Components/</a>
<b>New/ Repeat Observation</b>	New Observation
<b>References to evidences / Proof of Concept (POCs)</b>	 <p>The screenshot shows a web browser window with the URL <code>hmisdev.mbmconline.in/Default.aspx?pid=2</code>. The page displays the MBMC HMIS dashboard with various charts and data points. The developer console is open, showing the source code for the jQuery library. The version number <code>1.12.4</code> is highlighted in red, indicating the outdated version being used by the application.</p>



## 6. Improper Input Validation

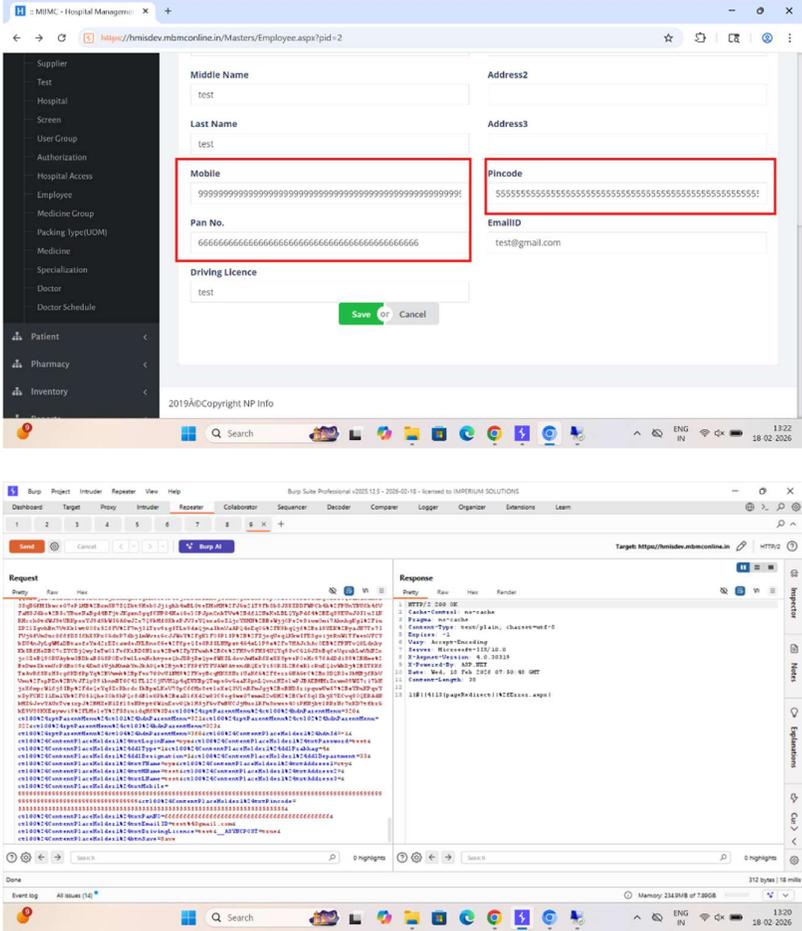
<b>Vulnerability Title</b>	<b>Affected URLs/IP</b>
Improper Input Validation	<a href="https://hmisdev.mbmconline.in">Hmisdev.mbmconline.in</a>
<b>Detailed Observation</b>	The application does not properly validate user-supplied input. During testing, script payload (<script>alert(1)</script>) was submitted in input field like Email-ID, which triggered a server-side validation error (HTTP 500 – Potentially dangerous Request. Form value detected). This indicates insufficient input validation and improper error handling. Lack of proper validation may lead to Cross-Site Scripting (XSS), injection attacks, or application crashes.
<b>Vulnerability Reference (CWE/CVE)</b>	CWE-20
<b>Severity</b>	<b>Medium</b>
<b>Recommendation</b>	Implement strict server-side input validation for all user-supplied fields by applying allow-list based validation. Encode or sanitize special characters before processing or rendering user input. Additionally, implement output encoding, centralized input validation logic, and proper exception handling to prevent script execution and error disclosure.
<b>Reference</b>	<a href="https://cwe.mitre.org/data/definitions/20.html">https://cwe.mitre.org/data/definitions/20.html</a>
<b>New/ Repeat Observation</b>	New Observation

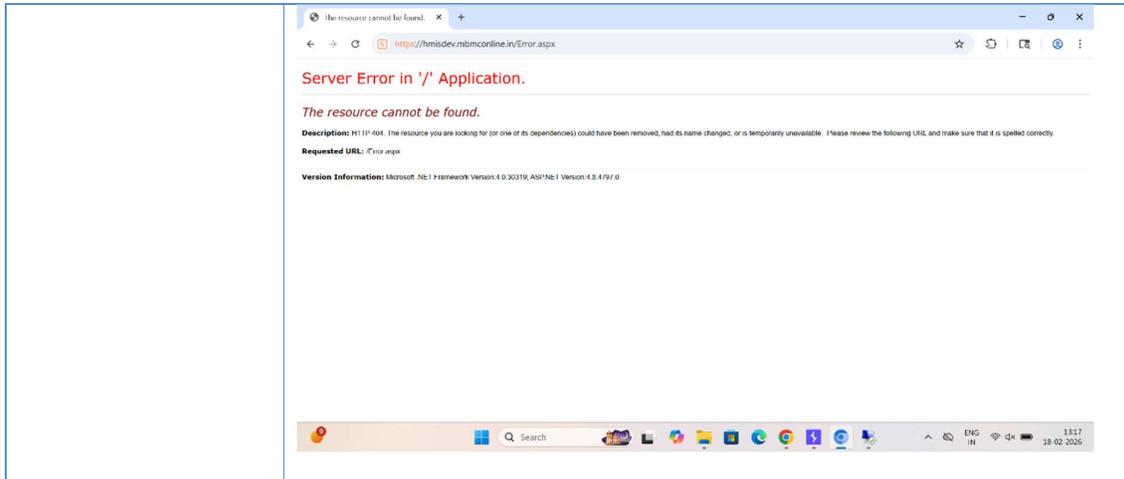
**References to evidences / Proof of Concept (POCs)**



**7. Improper Input Validation (Missing Input Length Validation)**

Vulnerability Title	Affected URLs/IP
Improper Input Validation (Missing Input Length Validation)	<a href="http://Hmisdev.mbmconline.in">Hmisdev.mbmconline.in</a>
<p><b>Detailed Observation</b></p>	<p>During testing of the Employee Management module, it was observed that the application accepts excessively long numeric input in the following fields:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Mobile</li> <li>• Pin code</li> <li>• PAN Number</li> </ul> <p>The application does not enforce server-side input length validation. Extremely large values (hundreds of characters) were accepted and processed.</p>

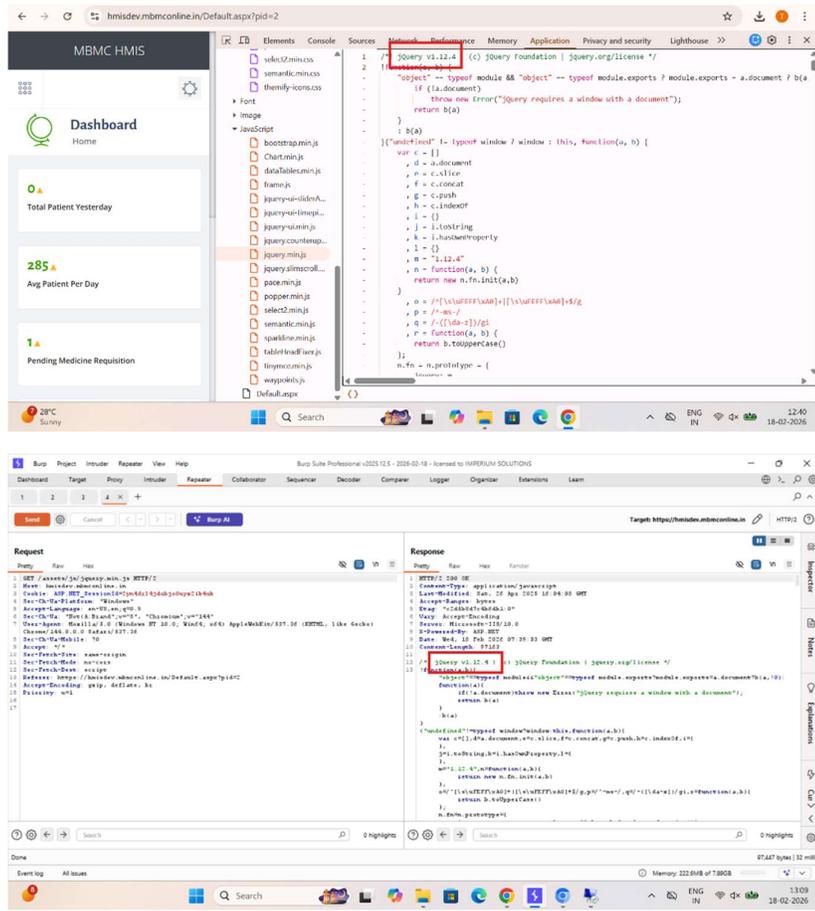
	This indicates missing backend validation controls and insufficient input sanitization.
<b>Vulnerability Reference (CWE/CVE)</b>	CWE-20
<b>Severity</b>	<b>Medium</b>
<b>Recommendation</b>	Implement strict server-side input validation for all user-supplied fields by applying allow-list based validation. Encode or sanitize special characters before processing or rendering user input. Additionally, implement output encoding, centralized input validation logic, and proper exception handling to prevent script execution and error disclosure. Implement strict, server-side validation that enforces explicit minimum and maximum lengths for all inputs
<b>Reference</b>	<a href="https://cwe.mitre.org/data/definitions/20.html">https://cwe.mitre.org/data/definitions/20.html</a>
<b>New/ Repeat Observation</b>	New Observation
<b>References to evidences / Proof of Concept (POCs)</b>	 <p>The image displays two screenshots. The top screenshot is a web browser window showing a form for 'MIMC - Hospital Management' with fields for Middle Name, Last Name, Mobile, Pan No., Driving Licence, Address2, Address3, Pincode, and EmailID. The 'Mobile' and 'Pincode' fields contain long strings of 9s and 5s respectively, and are highlighted with red boxes. The bottom screenshot is a Burp Suite network traffic analysis showing the HTTP request and response for the form submission. The request is a POST to 'https://hmisdev.mbcnline.in/Masters/Employee.aspx?pid=2' with a body containing the form data, including the long strings of 9s and 5s.</p>



## 8. Version Disclosure (jQuery)

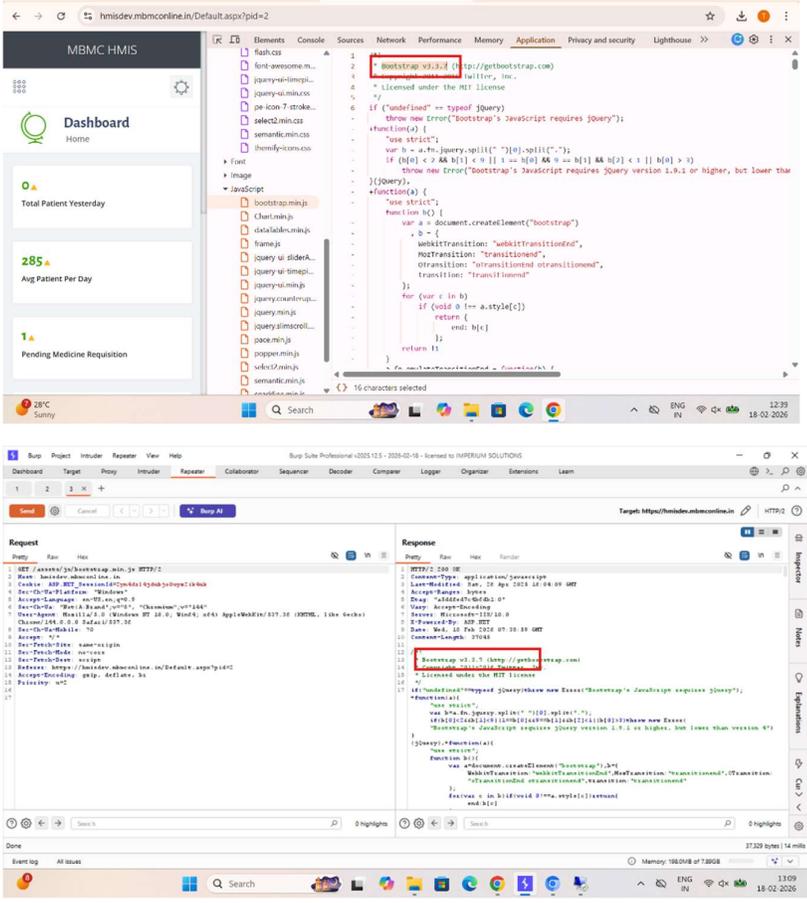
<b>Vulnerability Title</b>	<b>Affected URLs/IP</b>
Version Disclosure (jQuery)	<a href="https://Hmisdev.mbmconline.in">Hmisdev.mbmconline.in</a>
<b>Detailed Observation</b>	The application is using jQuery version 1.12.4, which is publicly disclosed via client-side source code. This version is outdated and contains known security vulnerabilities. Public version disclosure allows attackers to target known exploits associated with this version.
<b>Vulnerability Reference (CWE/CVE)</b>	CWE-200
<b>Severity</b>	<b>Low</b>
<b>Recommendation</b>	Upgrade to the latest stable jQuery version (4.0.0). Remove unused libraries. Implement dependency management and regular patching. Consider Sub resource Integrity (SRI) and Content Security Policy (CSP).
<b>Reference</b>	<a href="https://owasp.org/www-community/attacks/Information_Disclosure">https://owasp.org/www-community/attacks/Information_Disclosure</a>
<b>New/ Repeat Observation</b>	New Observation

**References to evidences / Proof of Concept (POCs)**



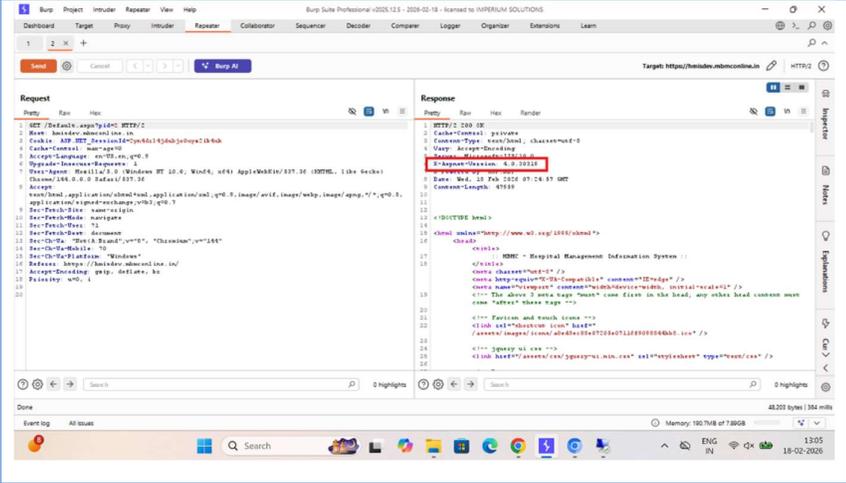
**9. Version Disclosure (Bootstrap)**

Vulnerability Title	Affected URLs/IP
Version Disclosure (Bootstrap)	<a href="https://hmisdev.mbmconline.in">Hmisdev.mbmconline.in</a>
<b>Detailed Observation</b>	The application discloses the Bootstrap framework version through client-side resources where the version information is explicitly mentioned (e.g., Bootstrap v3.3.7). Disclosure of third-party library versions allows an attacker to identify the exact framework version in use and potentially exploit known vulnerabilities associated with that version.
<b>Vulnerability Reference (CWE/CVE)</b>	CWE-200

<b>Severity</b>	<b>Low</b>
<b>Recommendation</b>	Remove or obfuscate version comments from client-side files where feasible. Upgrade Bootstrap to the latest supported version (v5.3.8) and ensure outdated components are removed. Regularly review and update third-party libraries to minimize information disclosure and reduce the attack surface.
<b>Reference</b>	<a href="https://owasp.org/www-community/attacks/Information_Disclosure">https://owasp.org/www-community/attacks/Information_Disclosure</a>
<b>New/ Repeat Observation</b>	New Observation
<b>References to evidences / Proof of Concept (POCs)</b>	 <p>The image contains two screenshots. The top screenshot shows a web browser's developer tools with the 'Sources' panel open to a Bootstrap JavaScript file. The version 'v5.3.7' is highlighted in red in the code. The bottom screenshot shows Burp Suite's HTTP history for the same file. The 'Response' tab shows the file content, with the version 'v5.3.7' highlighted in red. The response body includes a comment: 'Bootstrap v5.3.7 (https://getbootstrap.com/)'.</p>

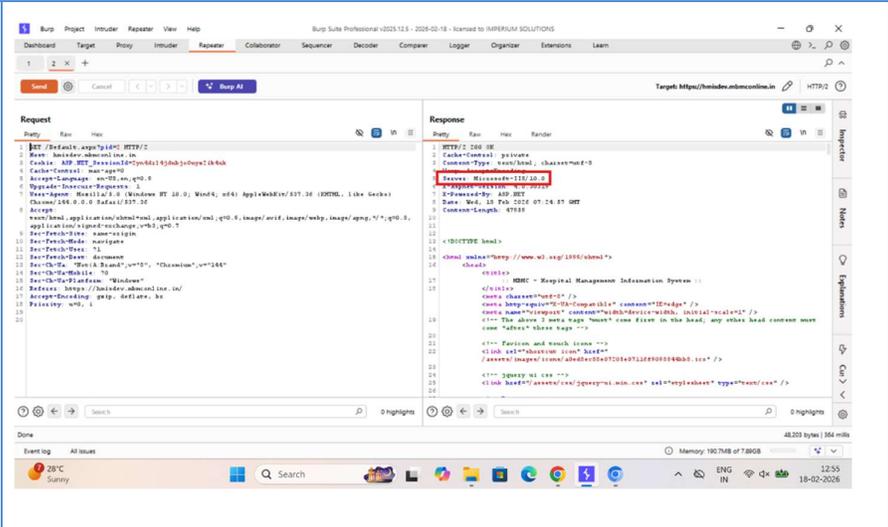
### 10. Version Disclosure (ASP.NET)

<b>Vulnerability Title</b>	<b>Affected URLs/IP</b>
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Version Disclosure (ASP.NET)	<a href="https://Hmisdev.mbmconline.in">Hmisdev.mbmconline.in</a>
<b>Detailed Observation</b>	The application discloses ASP.NET framework version information through HTTP response headers such as X-AspNet-Version and X-Powered-By. This information reveals the underlying technology and framework version in use, which can assist an attacker in identifying and exploiting known vulnerabilities specific to that ASP.NET version.
<b>Vulnerability Reference (CWE/CVE)</b>	CWE-200
<b>Severity</b>	Low
<b>Recommendation</b>	Disable or suppress version disclosure headers by removing X-AspNet-Version and X-Powered-By from HTTP responses. Ensure the application runs on a fully patched and supported version of ASP.NET and regularly apply Microsoft security updates.
<b>Reference</b>	<a href="https://owasp.org/www-community/attacks/Information_Disclosure">https://owasp.org/www-community/attacks/Information_Disclosure</a>
<b>New/ Repeat Observation</b>	New Observation
<b>References to evidences / Proof of Concept (POCs)</b>	 <p>The screenshot shows the Burp Suite interface with a request and response view. The response headers include 'X-AspNet-Version: 4.0.30319.1' and 'X-Powered-By: ASP.NET'. The response body contains HTML content for a 'Hospital Management Information System'.</p>

### 11. Server Disclosure

<b>Vulnerability Title</b>	<b>Affected URLs/IP</b>
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Server Disclosure	<a href="https://Hmisdev.mbmconline.in">Hmisdev.mbmconline.in</a>
<b>Detailed Observation</b>	It was observed that the application discloses server technology details in the HTTP response headers. The Server header reveals the backend web server and version information (e.g., Microsoft-IIS/10.0). Such disclosures provide attackers with valuable information about the underlying infrastructure, which can be leveraged to identify known vulnerabilities, misconfigurations, or targeted exploits specific to the disclosed server version.
<b>Vulnerability Reference (CWE/CVE)</b>	CWE-200
<b>Severity</b>	Low
<b>Recommendation</b>	It is recommended to remove or obfuscate server identification headers by configuring the web server to suppress detailed version information. Implement secure server hardening practices, ensure unnecessary headers are disabled, and regularly review HTTP response headers to minimize information disclosure.
<b>Reference</b>	<a href="https://learn.microsoft.com/en-us/archive/blogs/varunm/remove-unwanted-http-response-headers">https://learn.microsoft.com/en-us/archive/blogs/varunm/remove-unwanted-http-response-headers</a> <a href="https://www.acunetix.com/vulnerabilities/web/version-disclosure-iis/">https://www.acunetix.com/vulnerabilities/web/version-disclosure-iis/</a>
<b>New/ Repeat Observation</b>	New Observation
<b>References to evidences / Proof of Concept (POCs)</b>	 <p>The screenshot shows a Burp Suite interface with a request and response view. The response header 'Server: Microsoft-IIS/10.0' is highlighted in red, indicating the server version disclosure.</p>

## 12. Stack Trace Disclosure (ASP.NET)

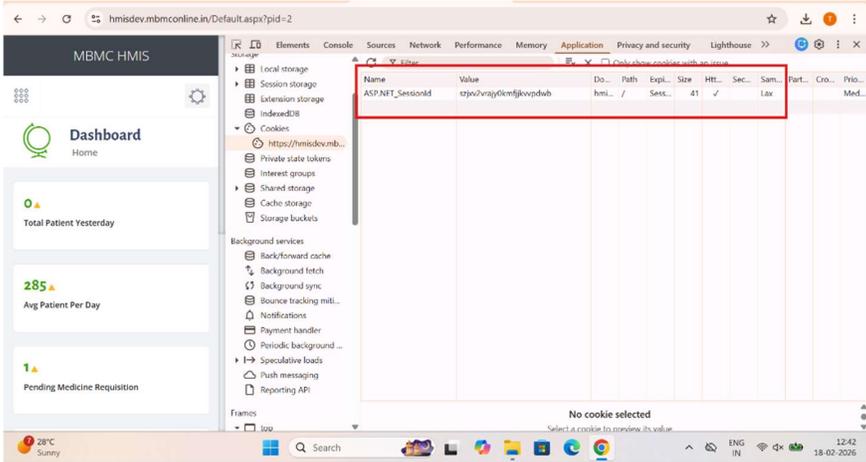
<i>Vulnerability Title</i>	<i>Affected URLs/IP</i>
Stack Trace Disclosure (ASP.NET)	<a href="http://Hmisdev.mbmconline.in">Hmisdev.mbmconline.in</a>
<i>Detailed Observation</i>	During testing, the application response was found to disclose ASP.NET internal details through HTTP response headers and application behavior. Such disclosures may expose internal application logic, framework details, or error-handling configurations. If stack traces are exposed during error conditions, an attacker could gain insights into application structure, file paths, and underlying technologies, increasing the risk of targeted attacks.
<i>Vulnerability Reference (CWE/CVE)</i>	CWE-209
<i>Severity</i>	<b>Low</b>
<i>Recommendation</i>	Disable detailed error messages and stack trace disclosure in production by configuring customErrors in web.config. Ensure that detailed exceptions are logged internally while presenting generic error messages to users. Regularly review error-handling configurations to prevent leakage of sensitive debugging information.
<i>Reference</i>	<a href="https://www.acunetix.com/vulnerabilities/web/stack-trace-disclosure-asp-net/">https://www.acunetix.com/vulnerabilities/web/stack-trace-disclosure-asp-net/</a>
<i>New/ Repeat Observation</i>	New Observation

References to evidences / Proof of Concept (POCs)

The screenshot shows Burp Suite Professional with a request and response view. The response is a 500 Internal Server Error. The error message is: "Server Error in '/' Application. Overflow or underflow in the arithmetic operation." The description states: "An unhandled exception occurred during the execution of the current web request. Please review the stack trace for more information about the error and where it originated in the code." The exception details are: "System.ArithmeticException: Overflow or underflow in the arithmetic operation." The source error is: "An unhandled exception was generated during the execution of the current web request. Information regarding the origin and location of the exception can be identified using the exception stack trace below." The stack trace shows: "[ArithmeticException: Overflow or underflow in the arithmetic operation.] [HttpException (0x80044005): An error occurred while communicating with the remote host. The error code is 0x80070216.] System.Web.Hosting.IIS7WorkerRequest.RaiseCommunicationError(Int32 result, Boolean throwOnDisconnect) +4725226 System.Web.Hosting.IIS7WorkerRequest.FlushCore(Boolean keepConnected, Int32 numBodyFragments, IntPtr[] bodyFragments, Int32[] bodyFragmentLengths, Int32[] bodyFragmentStarts) +537 System.Web.Hosting.IIS7WorkerRequest.FlushCachedResponse(Boolean isFinal) +764 System.Web.HttpResponse.UpdateNativeResponse(Boolean sendHeaders) +537 System.Web.HttpRuntime.FinishRequestNotification(IIS7WorkerRequest wr, HttpContext context, RequestNotificationStatus& status) +145". The version information is: "Microsoft .NET Framework Version 4.0.30319; ASP.NET Version 4.8.4797.0".

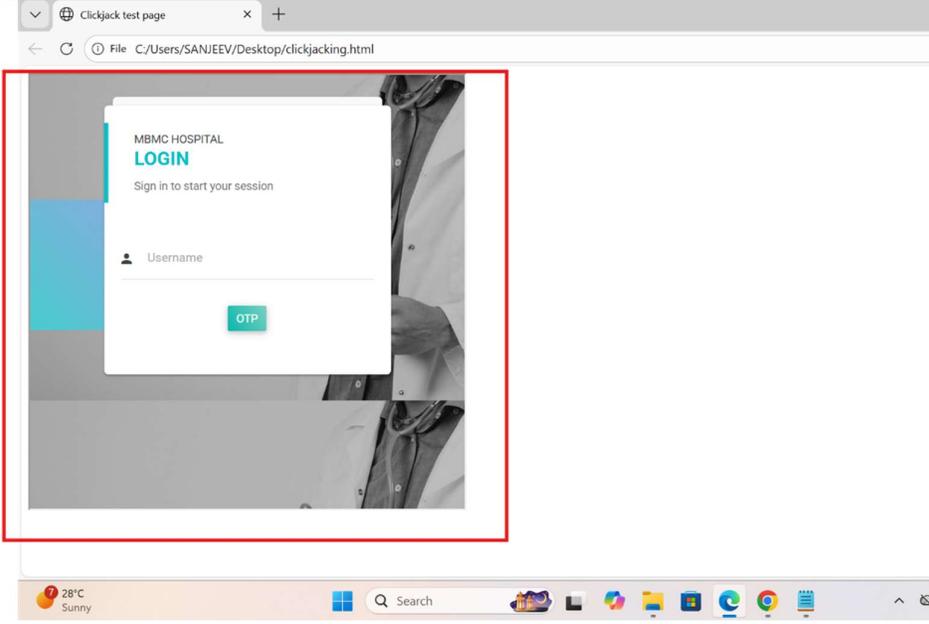
### 13. Cookie not marked as secure site attribute

Vulnerability Title	Affected URLs/IP
Cookie not marked as secure site attribute	<a href="https://hmisdev.mbmconline.in">Hmisdev.mbmconline.in</a>
<b>Detailed Observation</b>	During testing, the application was observed setting a session cookie without the Secure attribute. As a result, the cookie may be transmitted over unencrypted HTTP connections if accessed improperly, which could allow an attacker to intercept or hijack the session through man-in-the-middle (MITM) attacks.
<b>Vulnerability Reference (CWE/CVE)</b>	CWE-614

<b>Severity</b>	<b>Low</b>
<b>Recommendation</b>	Configure the application to set the Secure flag on all sensitive cookies to ensure they are transmitted only over HTTPS connections. Additionally, enforce HTTPS across the application and review cookie attributes such as HttpOnly and SameSite for improved session security.
<b>Reference</b>	<a href="https://cwe.mitre.org/data/definitions/614.html">https://cwe.mitre.org/data/definitions/614.html</a>
<b>New/ Repeat Observation</b>	New Observation
<b>References to evidences / Proof of Concept (POCs)</b>	

## 14. Clickjacking

<b>Vulnerability Title</b>	<b>Affected URLs/IP</b>
Clickjacking	<a href="https://Hmisdev.mbmconline.in">Hmisdev.mbmconline.in</a>
<b>Detailed Observation</b>	The application was successfully loaded within an HTML <iframe> from an external source, as demonstrated during testing. This indicates that the application does not implement proper anti-clickjacking protections such as the X-Frame-Options header or an appropriate Content-Security-Policy (frame-ancestors) directive. An attacker could exploit this by embedding the application in a malicious page and tricking users into performing unintended actions.

<b>Vulnerability Reference (CWE/CVE)</b>	CWE-1021 CWE-693
<b>Severity</b>	<b>Low</b>
<b>Recommendation</b>	Implement the X-Frame-Options header with the value DENY or SAMEORIGIN. Additionally, configure a Content-Security-Policy with the frame-ancestors directive to explicitly restrict which domains are allowed to embed the application. These controls will prevent unauthorized framing and mitigate clickjacking attacks.
<b>Reference</b>	<a href="https://cwe.mitre.org/data/definitions/693.html">https://cwe.mitre.org/data/definitions/693.html</a> <a href="https://cwe.mitre.org/data/definitions/1021.html">https://cwe.mitre.org/data/definitions/1021.html</a>
<b>New/ Repeat Observation</b>	New Observation
<b>References to evidences / Proof of Concept (POCs)</b>	

### 15. Concurrent Login

<b>Vulnerability Title</b>	<b>Affected URLs/IP</b>
Concurrent Login	<a href="https://Hmisdev.mbmconline.in">Hmisdev.mbmconline.in</a>
<b>Detailed Observation</b>	The application allows the same user credentials to establish multiple active sessions simultaneously across different browsers/devices without invalidating previous sessions,

	enforcing session uniqueness, or notifying the user. Session IDs remain valid in parallel, increasing exposure window if credentials are compromised and enabling unauthorized persistent access to sensitive healthcare data.
<b>Vulnerability Reference (CWE/CVE)</b>	CWE-613
<b>Severity</b>	<b>Low</b>
<b>Recommendation</b>	Restrict the number of active sessions per user account. When a new login occurs, invalidate any previous active sessions. Implement session timeout and logout mechanisms. Provide users with visibility of active sessions and the ability to terminate other sessions if required.
<b>Reference</b>	<a href="https://owasp.org/Top10/2021/A07_2021-Identification_and_Authentication_Failures/">https://owasp.org/Top10/2021/A07_2021-Identification_and_Authentication_Failures/</a>
<b>New/ Repeat Observation</b>	New Observation
<b>References to evidences / Proof of Concept (POCs)</b>	